

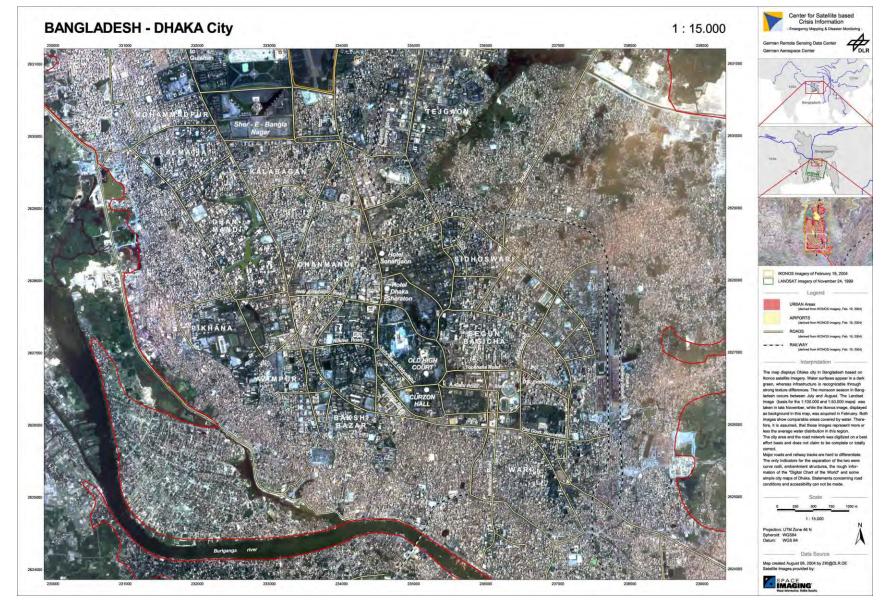
Model Factory Project in Kamrangirchar, Dhaka Bangladesh

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Model Factory Project

Slums of Dhaka, Bangladesh

Industrial Hygienist



•Background of KAM Urban Slum Project

- Since October 2013 MSF medical staff focused on 3 areas: Reproductive Health Intimate Partner and Sexual Violence Occupational Health
- In 2014 MSF Conducted almost 4000 Consultations
- By 2015 recognized that over 50% of the patients had work related complaints associated with heat, noise or chemicals.



Occupational Health Services

- Outpatient Consultation
- Laboratory Investigations
- Free Medicines
- Patient Referrals to other Health Care Facilities
- Regular Visits to Factories by Outreach Workers.
- Owners agreed to Register Factories with MSF



•2017 Hazard Survey

- Over 150 of the registered factories surveyed.
- Components of survey
- a. General Physical Safety (10)
- b. Controls Measure (5)
- c. Use of Protective Equipment (6)
- d. Ergonomics (5)
- Results
- a. Inadequate lighting and exit marking
- b. Few factories with soap, drinking water and rest area
- c. Almost no provision of control measures
- d. Very little PPE except in plastic factories
- e. Failure to provide an ergonomically acceptable working environment.



Project Background and Design

- As a result of the 2017 hazard survey conducted of about 150 small factories in the Dhaka slums of Hazirbagh and Kamrangirchar a Model Factory project was proposed.
- In early 2018 developed a project to identify factories that could serve as Model Factories
- Identified factories that employed between 20 and 50 workers that had been participants of the 2017 hazard survey to be involved with the project.



Project Objectives

- Recognize that occupational health related diseases and musculoskeletal disorders are a neglected area of medical intervention in Bangladesh.
- Provide necessary support for Occupational Health and Safety in the industrial sector.
- Develop a Model Factory intervention program to improve the health and safety in the small factories of Kamrangirchar



Project Actions

- Act as a model for change in working conditions in the factories in Kamrangirchar,
- Develop injury risk mitigation study where interventions designed on injury risk mitigation.
- Support MSF to learn and improve the implementation of workplace activities
- Interventions and safety standards in line with current Bangladesh rules and international practice.
- Assess MSD using the Extended Nordic Musculoskeletal Questionnaire (NMQ-E).



Selection Criteria

- Willingness and consent of the factory owners.
- Poor performance in the 2017 Factory Hazard Assessment
- Number of workers.
- The size, layout and arrangement of the machinery and structures of the factory.
- Facilities available



Project Phases

- Phase One Conduct a hazard and qualitative risk assessment employing the OSHA Guidelines.
- Phase Two Provide intervention activities to reduce the identified hazards and evaluate and/or adjust the interventions as necessary.
- Phase Three Conduct the hazard and qualitative risk assessment to determine the improvement in health and safety of factories



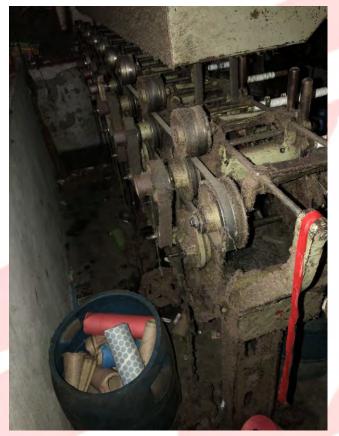
• GARMENT FACTORY Bobbin and Spool Thread Company

- Convert skeins of yarn into bobbins and spools of cotton thread.
- Priority activities:
- a. Significant cotton dust is observed on machines walls, and floor. Conduct cleaning using a commercial wet/dry vacuum cleaner. Establish a regular cleaning and housekeeping to prevent dust accumulation.
- b. There is inadequate ventilation to remove the dust, heat and humidity. Add circulation and exhaust ventilation.
- c. Conduct Ergonomic Evaluation of Workers.



Bobbin and Spool Thread Company

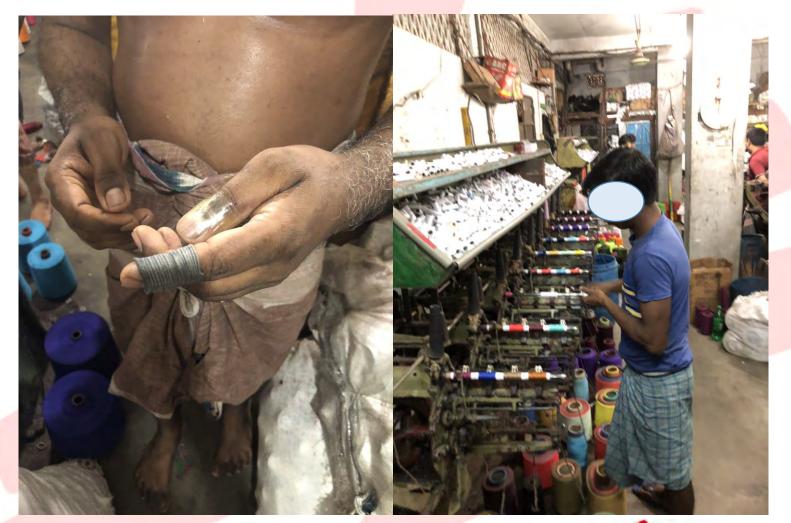
Using a wet/dry vacuum to remove cotton dust from machines, walls and floor.







Bobbin and Spool Thread Company





• GARMENT FACTORY • Bobbin and Spool Thread Company



Conduct Ergonomic evaluation of workers Evaluate at least one person associated with each task.

- Convert cotton thread into bobbins 48/day
- Transfer thread from bobbins onto spools 5,600/day



Priority Activities

- Build a knee wall area for the storage of the screen print chemicals.
- Test lighting levels above the tailors to create an even lighting for better colour identification and work environment.
- Develop a LO/TO training program for those employees that may be in contact with electrical equipment.
- Evaluate Ergonomic conditions of tailors.



Screen printing and tailoring

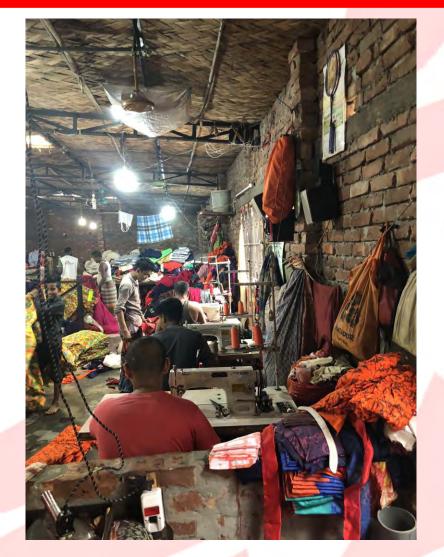


 Built a containment area to keep all screen print ink.









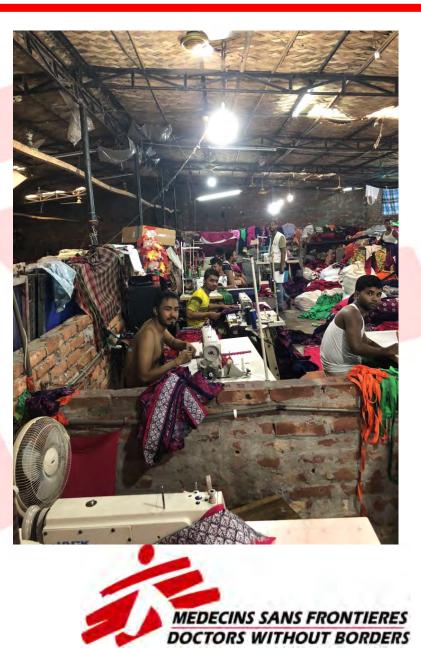
- Lighting survey shows light levels from almost 400 lux to less than 25 lux.
- Improve lighting by providing even lighting.
- Lighting design by professional lighting designer.



Screen printing and tailoring

- Ergonomic evaluation done by interdisciplinary team involve OH Medical and IH teams.
- Conduct NMQ-E evaluation
- Take Videos.
- Perform RULA and REBA
 evaluation.





Priority Activities

- Install machine guards on the extruders and blow molders to protect against heat and grinder(s) to protect against moving parts.
- Conduct modelling to identify sources of noise and install noise controls since the noise is in excess of 95 dBA.
 Provide ear muffs for use during operations
- Control polyethylene vapors by improve the LEV over the extruder as needed.



• PLASTIC FACTORY

• Blow molding of barrels

- First they grind the recycled plastic.
- Then put through Blow Molder







• PLASTIC FACTORY

• Blow molding of barrels







Priority Activities

- Organize the flow of material to provide better use of limited space. Get rid of unused equipment and safely stow spare parts.
- Install machine guards on the extruders and blow molders to protect against heat and grinder(s) to protect against moving parts.
- Conduct modelling to identify sources of noise and install noise controls since the noise is in excess of 100 dBA.
 Provide ear muffs for use during operations
- Control polyethylene vapors by installing LEV over the extruder.



• PLASTIC FACTORY

• Blow molding of barrels



Owner Improved the flow of material and better organized the space by installing a separate room for grinding.



• PLASTIC FACTORY

• Blow molding of barrels





• Blow molding of barrels

Cover equipment with acoustical blanket

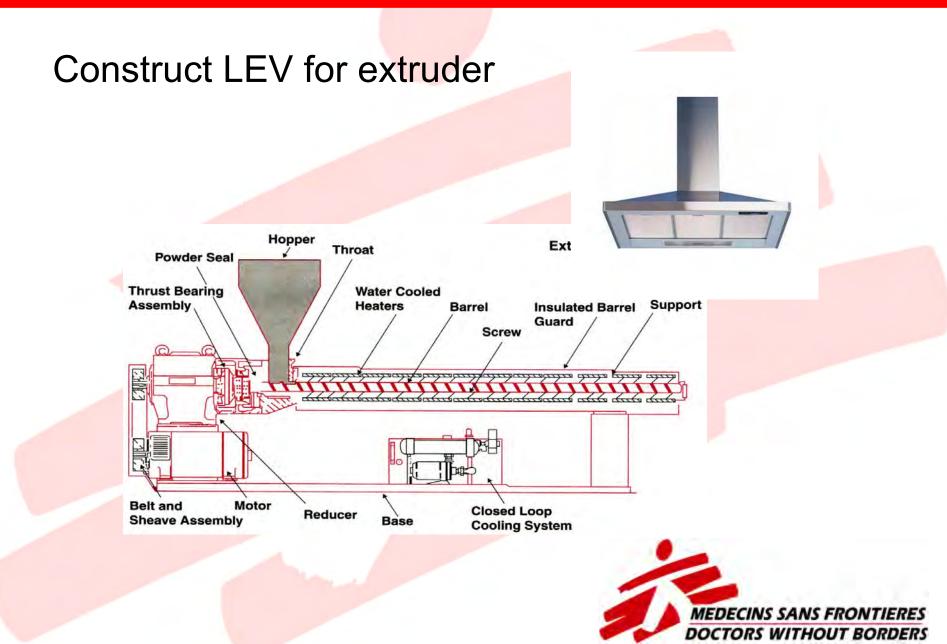






PLASTIC FACTORY

• Blow molding of barrels



- Have conducted 1st and 2nd Assessments on the four factories.
 - Thread Factory went from 39% non-compliance to 22%
 - Plastic Barrel Factory went from 40% to 26%
 - Garment and Screen Print went from 17% to 10%
- Have completed lighting measurements
- Have completed Ergonomic evaluations
- Completed design of LEV for emissions, acoustical control for noise, and machine guards.
- Delivered training for LO/TO, Haz Com, and Ergonomic issues.



- Conduct a review of current interventions
- Complete lighting evaluations.
- Complete Ergonomic evaluations will recommend OH medical and IH interventions.
- Install machine guards.
- Install acoustical barriers for noise control.
- Install LEV for emissions.
- Conduct 3rd Hazard Assessment in January



COSTS AND EFFORT

Interventions

- Ventilation Improvements -
 - General Ventilation 1070 Eu
 - Local Exhaust Ventilation 450 Eu
- Noise Reduction
 - Acoustical Barriers 1500 Eu
 - Acoustical Blankets 74 Eu
- Machine Guarding 415 Eu
- Dust Removal 210 Eu
- General Safety (PPE) 550 Eu
- Ergonomic and Lighting 390 Eu



• CHALLENGES

- Better engage owners in the interventions
 - Consider socioeconomic viewpoint
- Address child labour issues
 - Provide reading materials
- Develop a sustainable program
 - Involve other NGOs
- Determine whether this type of program is within the MSF overall mission



•THANK YOU!



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